

OPTIONAL DETERMINATION OF NON-SIGNIFICANCE (DNS) NOTICE MATERIALS

The attached materials are being sent to you pursuant to the requirements for the Optional DNS Process (WAC 197-11-355). A DNS on the attached proposal is likely. This may be the only opportunity to comment on environmental impacts of the proposal. Mitigation measures from standard codes will apply. Project review may require mitigation regardless of whether an EIS is prepared. A copy of the subsequent threshold determination for this proposal may be obtained upon request.

File No. 16-130980-LO

Project Name/Address: Redd	y Residence	/ 13406	se	26th	St
----------------------------	-------------	---------	----	------	----

Planner: Drew Folsom

Phone Number: (425) 452-4441

Minimum Comment Period: August 25, 2016

Materials included in this Notice:

\times	Blue Bulleti	n	
\times	Checklist		
\times	Vicinity Map)	
\boxtimes	□□□Plans	-	
\boxtimes	□□Other:	Environmental	Documents

- OTHERS TO RECEIVE THIS DOCUMENT:

 ☑ State Department of Fish and Wildlife / Sterwart.Reinbold@dfw.gov; Christa.Heller@dfw.wa.gov;
- State Department of Ecology, Shoreline Planner N.W. Region / Jobu461@ecy.wa.gov; sepaunit@ecy.wa.gov
- Army Corps of Engineers Susan.M.Powell@nws02.usace.army.mil
- Attorney General ecvolvef@atg.wa.gov
- Muckleshoot Indian Tribe Karen. Walter@muckleshoot.nsn.us; Fisheries.fileroom@muckleshoot.nsn.us

ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

10/9/2009

Thank you in advance for your cooperation and adherence to these procedures. If you need assistance in completing the checklist or have any questions regarding the environmental review process, please visit or call Development Services (425-452-6800) between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday (Wednesday, 10 to 4). Assistance for the hearing impaired: Dial 711 (Telecommunications Relay Service).

INTRODUCTION

Purpose of the Checklist:

The State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), Chapter 43.21c RCW, requires all governmental agencies to consider the environmental impacts of a proposal before making decisions. An environmental impact statement (EIS) must be prepared for all proposals with probable significant adverse impacts on the quality of the environment. The purpose of this checklist is to provide information to help you and the City of Bellevue identify impacts from your proposal (and to reduce or avoid impacts from the proposal, if it can be done) and to help the City decide whether an EIS is required.

Instructions for Applicants:

This environmental checklist asks you to describe some basic information about your proposal. Answer the questions briefly, with the most precise information known, or give the best description you can. You must answer each question accurately and carefully, to the best of your knowledge. In most cases, you should be able to answer the questions from your own observations or project plans without the need to hire experts. If you really do not know the answer or if a question does not apply to your proposal, write "do not know" or "does not apply." Giving complete answers to the questions now may avoid unnecessary delays later.

Some questions ask about governmental regulations such as zoning, shoreline, and landmark designations. Answer these questions if you can. If you have problems, the Planner in the Permit Center can assist you.

The checklist questions apply to all parts of your proposal, even if you plan to do them over a period of time or on different parcels of land. Attach any additional information that will help describe your proposal or its environmental effects. Include reference to any reports on studies that you are aware of which are relevant to the answers you provide. The City may ask you to explain your answers or provide additional information reasonably related to determining if there may be significant adverse impacts.

Use of a Checklist for Nonproject Proposals: A nonproject proposal includes plans, policies, and programs where actions are different or broader than a single site-specific proposal.

For nonproject proposals, complete the Environmental Checklist even though you may answer "does not apply" to most questions. In addition, complete the Supplemental Sheet for Nonproject Actions available from Permit Processing.

For nonproject actions, the references in the checklist to the words *project*, *applicant*, and *property* or *site* should be read as *proposal*, *proposer*, and *affected geographic area*, respectively.

Attach an 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 11 vicinity map which accurately locates the proposed site.

Received

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Property Owner: Land Plus Group

Proponent: Vishwa Prasad

Contact Person: Priyanka Patel

(If different from the owner. All questions and correspondence will be directed to the individual listed.)

Address: 15809 Suit #410 Bear creek pkwy Redmond

Phone: (717) 743-9331

Proposal Title: SE 26th SFR

Proposal Location: 16400 SE 26th Street, Parcel# 545330-0010

(Street address and nearest cross street or intersection) Provide a legal description if available.

Please attach an 8 1/2" x 11" vicinity map that accurately locates the proposal site.

Give an accurate, brief description of the proposal's scope and nature:

Construct single family residence on existing property using Reasonable Use Code 1. General description:

2. Acreage of site: 3.74 Acres

3. Number of dwelling units/buildings to be demolished: 0

4. Number of dwelling units/buildings to be constructed: 1

5. Square footage of buildings to be demolished: N/A

6. Square footage of buildings to be constructed: Approx. 2,500 sf

7. Quantity of earth movement (in cubic yards): Approx. 75 CY

8. Proposed land use: Single Family Residence

9. Design features, including building height, number of stories and proposed exterior materials:

Max building height of 35 feet per zoning code, 3 stories with basement, exterior materials to be wood type siding and trim

10. Other

Estimated date of completion of the proposal or timing of phasing:

Construction of site improvements and single family residence after permits can be obtained, likely Spring/Summer 2017.

Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain.

No.

DJ 8/5/14

List any environmental information you know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared, directly related to this proposal.
Critical areas report by Ed Sewall. Wetland impact and mitigation plans by Ed Sewall.
Do you know whether applications are pending for governmental approvals of other proposals directly affecting the property covered by your proposal? If yes, explain. List dates applied for and file numbers, if known. None known.
List any government approvals or permits that will be needed for your proposal, if known. If permits have been applied for, list application date and file numbers, if known.
Reasonable Use, Residential Building Permit, Clearing and Grading
Please provide one or more of the following exhibits, if applicable to your proposal. (Please check appropriate box(es) for exhibits submitted with your proposal):
Land Use Reclassification (rezone) Map of existing and proposed zoning
Preliminary Plat or Planned Unit Development Preliminary plat map
Clearing & Grading Permit Plan of existing and proposed grading Development plans
Building Permit (or Design Review) Site plan Clearing & grading plan
Shoreline Management Permit Site plan
A. ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS
1. Earth
a. General description of the site: Flat Rolling Hilly Steep slopes Mountains Other
b. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent slope)? Approx. 4%
c. What general types of soil are found on the site (for example, clay, sand, gravel, peat, and muck)? If you know the classification of agricultural soils, specify them and note any prime farmland.
Till Soils, Loose Silty Sands and Gravels.
d. Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the immediate vicinity? If so, describe. None known.

DA. 8/5/14

e. Describe the purpose, ty, and approximate quantities of any filling c ading proposed. Indicate source of fill.

Grading and clearing for proposed residence. Limited area of disturbance allowed per Reasonable Use code, approximately 2,231 square feet max.

f. Could erosion occur as a result of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe.

Potentially. Erosion controls will be implemented to prevent sediment laden soils from exiting project site.

g. About what percent of the site will be covered with impervious surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or buildings)?

Approximately 2,000 square feet of impervious area including roof and driveway.

h. Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other impacts to the earth, if any: Erosion control measures will be implemented.

2. AIR

a. What types of emissions to the air would result from the proposal (i.e. dust, automobile odors, and industrial wood smoke) during construction and when the project is completed? If any, generally describe and give approximate quantities if known.

Exhaust emissions during construction and after completion. Quantities unknown but typical for that of single family residence.

- b. Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odor that may affect your proposal? If so, generally describe. None known.
- c. Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other impacts to the air, if any:

No measures proposed.

3. WATER

a. Surface

(1) Is there any surface water body on or in the immediate vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If yes, describe type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream or river it flows into.

Richards Creek is located approximately 540 feet to the west of the project site. A tributary to Richards Creek is located approximately 220 feet to the west.

(2) Will the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to (within 200 feet) the described waters? If Yes, please describe and attach available plans.

No.

Dx 8/5/10

(3) Estimate the amount of fill and dredge material that would be placed in or removed from surface water or wetlands and indicate the area of the site that would be affected. Indicate the source of fill material.

The existing project site is nearly 100% encumbered by wetlands. New residence construction to be permitted using Reasonable Use Code for 2,231 square feet of disturbance. Amount of material to be removed will be limited. It is likely the home will be placed on pin piles for support which will have a low impact to wetland functions.

(4) Will the proposal require surface water withdrawals or diversions? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

No.

(5) Does the proposal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so, note location on the site plan.

No.

(6) Does the proposal involve any discharges of waste materials to surface waters? If so, describe the type of waste and anticipated volume of discharge.

No.

b. Ground

(1) Will ground water be withdrawn, or will water be discharged to ground water? Give general description.

Not known. Unlikely.

(2) Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals...; agricultural; etc.) Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve.

None. house will be connected to City sewer System in SE 26th.

- c. Water Runoff (Including storm water)
 - (1) Describe the source of runoff (including storm water) and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow? Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe.

Source of runoff will be rainfall on roof and driveway. The runoff will be dispersed back into the wetland.

(2) Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters? If so, generally describe.

No.

J. 8/5/66

4.	Plants	
	a.	Check or circle types of vegetation found on the site:
		deciduous tree: alder, maple, aspen, other
		evergreen tree: fir, cedar, pine, other
		✓ shrubs
		grass
		pasture
		☐ crop or grain
		wet soil plants: cattail, buttercup, bulrush, skunk cabbage, other
		water plants: water lily, eelgrass, milfoil, other
		other types of vegetation
		What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or altered? proximately 2,231 square feet of disturbance will take place.
		List threatened or endangered species known to be on or near the site. ne known.
	d.	Proposed landscaping, use of native plants, or other measures to preserve or enhance vegetation on the site, if any:
	La	ndscaping in front of residence.
5.	ANIMA	LS
	a.	Check or circle any birds and animals which have been observed on or near the site or are known to be on or near the site:
		Birds: hawk, heron, eagle, songbirds, other:
		Mammals: deer, bear, elk, beaver, other:
		Fish: bass, salmon, trout, herring, shellfish, other:

d. Proposed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, and runoff water impacts, if any:

None proposed.

- b. List any threatened or er. Ingered species known to be on or near the lite. None known.
- c. Is the site part of a migration route? If so, explain.

Not known.

d. Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife, if any:

None proposed.

6. Energy and Natural Resources

a. What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy need? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc.

Electric and natural gas if available.

- b. Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent properties? If so, generally describe.
- c. What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of the proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any:

None proposed.

7. Environmental Health

 a. Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous waste, that could occur as a result of this proposal? If so, describe.
 No.

(1) Describe special emergency services that might be required.

Additional EMT, Fire and Police.

(2) Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental health hazards, if any.

Follow building code which does not allow the use of harmful materials.

Dd. 8/5/16

b. Noise

(1) What types of noise exist in the area which may affect your project (for example, traffic, equipment, operation, other)?

Equipment noise during construction and traffic after completion.

(2) What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or long-term basis (for example, traffic, construction, operation, other)? Indicate what hours noise would come from the site.

Construction on a temporary basis and normal residence traffic after completion. Construction will be during normal working hours as allowed by City of Bellevue.

(3) Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any:

None proposed other than working hours during construction.

8. Land and Shoreline Use

a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties?
 Residential to the east, critical areas to the north and west, and SE 26th and commercial properties to the south.

b. Has the site been used for agriculture? If so, describe.

No.

c. Describe any structures on the site.

N/A. No structures.

- d. Will any structures be demolished? If so, what? No.
- e. What is the current zoning classification of the site?R-4 Zoning
- f. What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site? Resdiential
- g. If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site? Not known.
- h. Has any part of the site been classified as an "environmentally sensitive" area? If so, specify. Yes, nearly 100% of the site is wetland or wetland buffer.
- Approximately how many people would reside or work in the completed project?
 Approximately 3 residents.
- j. Approximately how many people would the completed project displace?
 None.

It Styles

	k. Proposed measures to a i.d or reduce displacement impacts, if any: None proposed.
	 i. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any: None proposed. Project meets the existing and projected land uses and plan.
9.	Housing a. Approximately how many units would be provided, if any? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.
	Middle income housing.
	 b. Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing. None eliminated.
	c. Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any: None proposed.
10.	Aesthetics
	 a. What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principal exterior building material(s) proposed?

10. Ae

Maximum building height of 35 feet.

b. What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed?

None. Proposed residence will be constructed with surrounding woods and vegetation. The residence would be visible from SF 26th Street c. Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if any:

Landscaping in front of new home along SE 26th Street.

D1 8/1/4

11. Light and Glare

- a. What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day would it mainly occur? Headlights from vehicles and home light during night time hours.
- b. Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views?
 No.
- What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal?
 Existing street lights along SE 26th Street
- d. Proposed measures to reduce or control light or glare impacts, if any: None proposed.

12. Recreation

- a. What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity?
 Pedestrian trails along and near Richards Creek. Accessible by existing sidewalk fronting property on SE 26th Street.
- b. Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses? If so, describe. No.
- c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any:
 None proposed.

13. Historic and Cultural Preservation

 Are there any places or objects listed on, or proposed for, national, state, or local preservation registers known to be on or next to the site? If so, generally describe.

None known.

b. Generally describe any landmarks or evidence of historic, archeological, scientific, or cultural importance known to be on or next to the site.

None known.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts, if any:

None proposed.

14. Transportation

a. Identify public streets and highways serving the site, and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show on site plans, if any.

SE 26th Street a City Road provides direct access to the property.

- b. Is site currently served by public transit? If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop? Yes. King County Metro Bus 240 stop is located approximately 1/4 mile to the west along SE 26th Street.
- c. How many parking spaces would be completed project have? How many would the project eliminate? Total of 4 to 5 parking spaces porposed. 2-3 in garage and 2 in driveway. None will be eliminated.

2282/4

d Mill the according to relie any new reads or attracts, or improvements to evicting reads or attracts, not	
d. Will the proposal require any new roads or streets, or improvements to existing roads or streets, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public or private).	
No.	
e. Will the project use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, gene describe.	∍rally
No.	

f. How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur.

Approximately 10 ADT.

g. Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any:

Pay traffic mitigation fee and property and local taxes.

15. Public Services

a. Would the project result in an increased need for the public services (for example: fire protection, police protection, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe.

Yes, for one new single family residence.

b. Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any: Pay mitigation fees and property and local taxes.

16. Utilities

a. Circle utilities currently available at the site: electricity, natural gas, water, refuse service, telephone, sanitary sewer, septic system, other.

Electricity, natural gas, water, refuse, telephone, sanitary sewer, cable.

b. Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity which might be needed.

Utilities services as required for new single family residence which are available to the site.

Signature

The above answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.

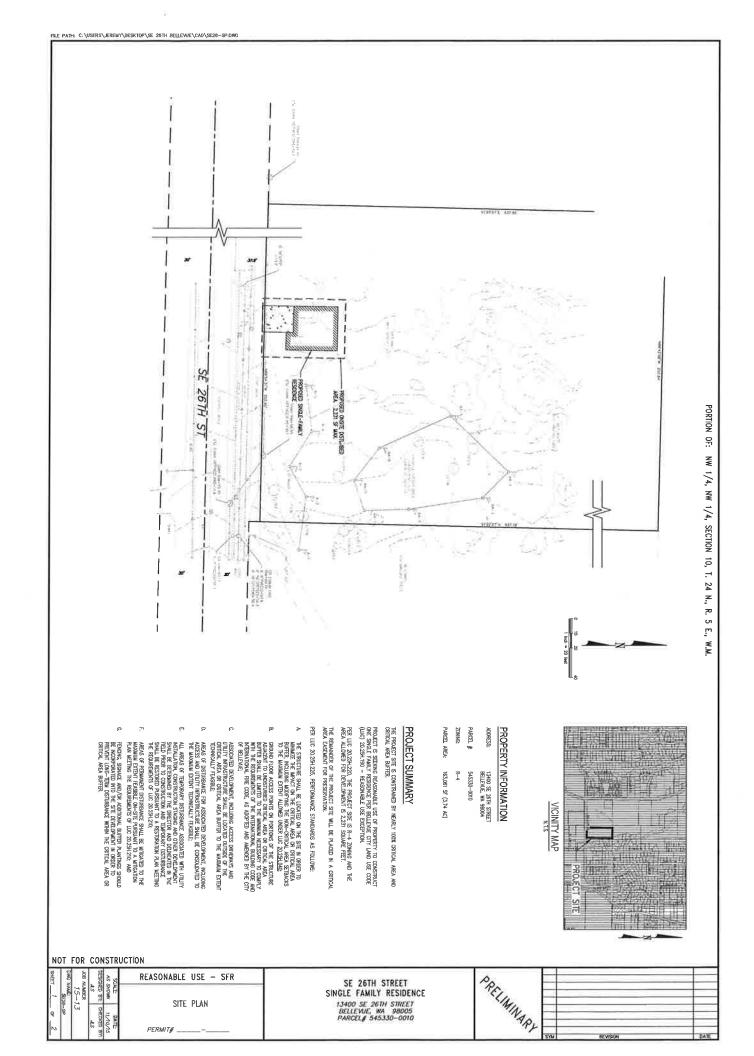
Signature Date Submitted 7 18/16

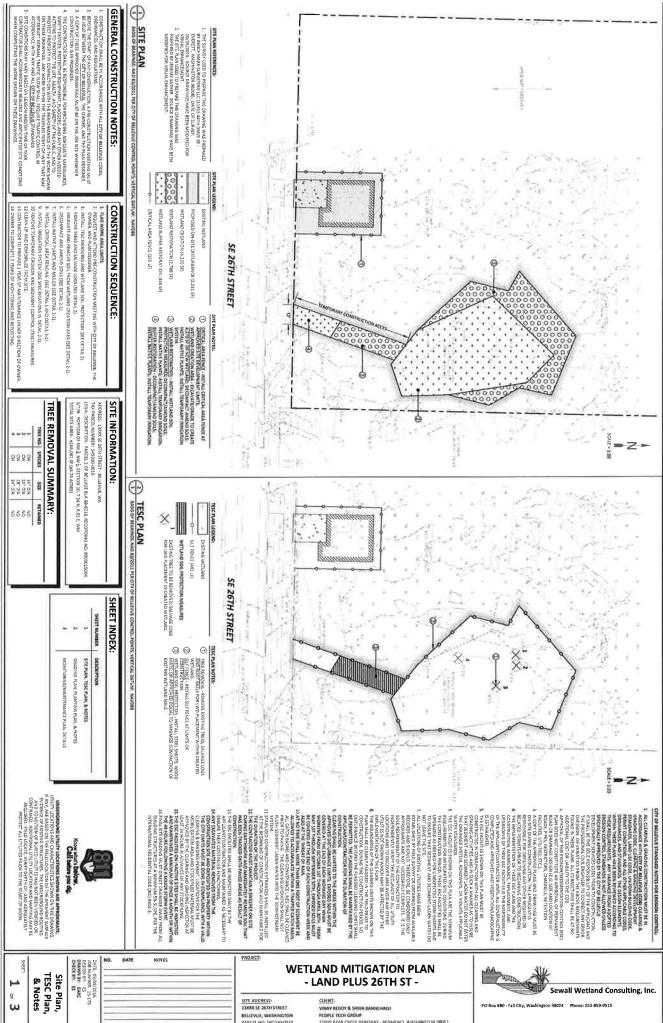
Drdste

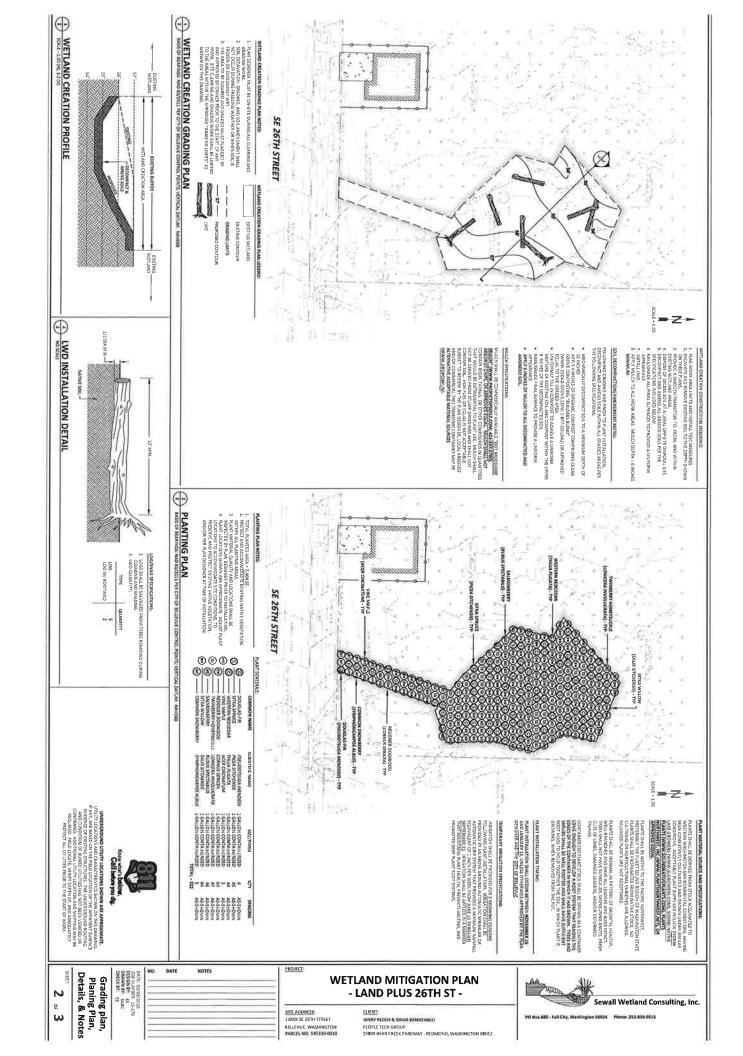
Vicinity Map 132ND AVE NE City Parks Crossroads **124TH AVE NE BELLEVUE WAY** Park & NE 10TH ST Community 140TH AVE NE Center 116TH AVE NE NE 8TH ST NE 6TH ST NE 4TH ST NE 2ND ST 116TH AVE SE MAIN ST Wilburton HH 112TH AVE SE 140TH AVE SE Community Park Lake LAKE HILLS BLVD Hills Greenbelt SE BTH ST Kelsey Creek Park 56TH AVE SE Woodridge Open SE 16TH ST Space Mercer Slough Nature Park 405 128TH AVE SE RICHARDS RD Robinswood 104TH AVE SE Community SE 26TH ST Park Bellevue **Airfield** Park SE EASTGATE WAY SE 347H ST SE 36TH ST SE 38 TH ST SE 37TH S 150TH AVE SE 124TH AVE SE SE ALLEN RD SE NEWPORT WAY 164TH WAY SE Eastgate Park 2,668 5,335 Forest Par Re City of Bellevue does not guarantee that the information on this Operap is accurate or complete. This data is provided on an "acree hasis Spaced disclaims all warranties.

Feet

Scale 1:32,011







MONITORING & MAINTENANCE PLAN

PLAN GOALS, OBJECTIVES, AND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS:

TION TO THE AS-BUILT, BASELINE MONITORING DATA SHALL BE TIED AND PERMANENT PHOTO POINTS SHALL BE ESTABLISHED. BASELINE TORING DATA AND PHOTOGRAPHS SHALL BE CONSISTENT WITH THAT BED FOR "ANNUAL MONITORING" (SEE BELOW).

THE AZ-BUILL AND BASELINE MONITORING DATA SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ITY OF BELLEVUE NO LATER THAN 30 DATS FROM THE DATE THAT THE WORK HOWN ON THIS PLAN HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

SCHEDULE: ANNUALLY FOR 5 YEARS.

LOWING ACCEPTANCE OF THE AS-BUILT, ANNUAL MONTORING SHALL BE PRETED FOR A PERIOD OF FIVE (5) YEARS, ANNUAL MONITORING SHALL B PRETED SAY A CHARLED PROFESSIONAL AND SHALL COMPRISE DEFIALED ASSESSMENTS AND REPORTING PER THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

IN AUGUST OR SEPTEMBER OF THE FIRST THROUGH FIFTH YEARS (YEAR 3 THROUGH YEAR 5) FOLLOWING INITIAL PLANT INSTALLATION.

ALED SITE ASSESSMENT SKALL EVALUATE SITE CONDITIONS PER THE YEAR'S PERFORMANCE STANDARDS. THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION COLLECTED AND ASSESSED RELITIVE TO THE PERFORMANCE DS ESTABLISHED FOR THE PROJECT:

NOXIOUS WEED CONTROL LOWING PLANT INSTALLATION AND AT REGULAR INTERVALS DURING THE VITORING PERIOD, NOXIOUS WEED CONTROL SHALL OCCUR ON A SPOT ATMENT BASIS WITHIN EACH WORK AREA

2 HAND PULLING

T IRBATMENT SHALL OCCUR MONTHLY AND/OR AT A GREATER FREQUENCY, IF ESSARY, TO CONTROL NOXIOUS WEED SPECIES TO A MAXIMUM OF <u>10%</u> OR LESS ERAGE

2 MANUALLY CUTTING USING MACHETES, LOPPERS, AND/OR CLIPPERS

THE SPECIES COMPOSTION OF AND PERCENT COVERAGE PROVIDED BY NOXIOUS WEED SPECIES (ALL YEARS). SPECIES COMPOSTITION AND PERCENT COVERAGE BY NOXIOUS WEEDS SHALL BE ASSESSED USING SAMPLE PLOTS OR LINE INTERCEPT TRANSECTS.

THE PIRICENT COVERAGE PROVIDED BY INSTALLED PLANT SPECIES (ALL
TEARS). INSTALLED PLANT STOCK PERCENT COVERAGE SHALL BE
ASSISTED LIVING JAMPED PLANTERY SCEED SAMPLE PLOTS ON LINE
INTERCEPT TRANSECTS

THE PERCENT SURVING OF INSTALLED PLANT STOCK (TLAM 1 THROUGH TEMA 2 ONLY). A DIECT COUNT OWN THOSE AND ANS SEXUTION ALL THE LIGHT COUNT OF TO WALLEST HERE MY CHAPMAL. THE SATIONALE FOR POOR CONDITIONS, IF PRESENT, WILL BE DETERMINED TO

EACH WORK AREA SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT REGULAR MONITORING PERIOD TO PROMOTE THE SUCCESSFUL E VIGOROUS GROWTH OF THE INSTALLED PLANT STOCK.

WEEDING THE BASE OF INSTALLED PLANTS.

RE-APPLYING BARK MULCH TO MAINTAIN A 6'
THICKNESS - YEAR 1 ONLY

THE PRUNING OF INSTALLED PLANTS TO REMOVE DEAD WOOD AND PROMOTE VIGOROUS PLANT GROWTH AND PROPER FORM

THE REMOVAL OF TRASH, LITTER, AND/OR OTHER NON-DECOMPOSING DEBRIS

ANNUAL MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY OF BELLEVUE NO LATER THAN OCTOBER 31 OF THE RESPECTIVE MONITORING YEAR QUARTERLY MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY OF SELLEVUE NO LATER THAN 30 DAYS FOLLOWING EACH MONITORING 335655MENT.

TEMPORARY IRRIGATION SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR TWO (2) GROWING SEASONS FOLLOWING PUMT INSTALLATION. IRRIGATION SHALL BE APPLIED PER THE SPECIFICATIONS DESCRIBED IN DETAIL 2-2.

STOULD ANY COMPUNICE MONITORING ASSESSMENT REVEAL THAT THE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR THE REPORTED YEARS HE DOT SATISFIED, THE PERMITTEE SHALL WORK WITH THE CITY OF BELLEVALE TO DEVELOP A CONTINCENCY PLAT A DADRESS THE DEPETIORITY(IS). CONTINGENCY PLANS CAN INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, THE TOLLOWING ACTIONS.

SUCH CONTINGENCY PLAN SHALL BE SUMMITTED TO THE CITY OF BELLEVUE BY ANUMANY 3.0 FAM YEAR AN WHEN DEPOLEDUCES ARE DESCRIPTED. WILLES APPROVED BY THE CITY OF BELLEVUE, ANTIONIS SECURED ON AN APPROVED BY THE CITY OF BELLEVUE, ANTIONIS SECURED ON AN HOUSE OWN THE CONFIDENCE OF AN ANY THE STEED COMPRETED WITH SECURE AND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE CONST ADDITIONAL PLANT INSTALLATION;
EROGIN CONTROL
HERBINDAY PROTECTION;
MODIFICATION TO THE REGENTION REGIME; AND/OR
PLANT SUBSTITUTIONS OF TYPE, SZE, QUANTITY, AND LOCATION.

NOXIOLIS MEED CONTROL WORK SHALL CONSIST OF THE CUTTING AND REMOVAL ROOM THE STITE OF ALL NOXIOLIS WEED SPECIES STEMS, CHAUS, RIMUNERS, SHOOTS SEED PODS, FRUITING BODIES, AND LEAVES PER THE POLLOWING METHODS:

DENERAL MADRIENANCE SHALL INCLUDE:

THE REPLACEMENT OF PLANTS THAT APPEAR TO BE IN DISTRESS AND/OR DISEASED.

GREBAL ANNITAMEZ WORK SHALL DOCUR MONTHLY DORNIG THE GROWING SUCCESSIOL ESTALLISMONEST. AND YOUR DOCUMENT OF HIS SESSIOLED PLANTS AND/OR THE CONTROL OF MODERN WIED!

GOALS, OBJECTIVES, MONITORING SCHEDULE, & PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

OBJECTIVE

SCHEDULE

PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

YEARS 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5: LATE SUMMER

2005 MENIVAM BY VISTALES PLANTS AFTER HE RIST
GROWN'G SEZON HES TANDAIDE CHE BETT PRODET
PLANT ESTABLISHINGT OR BEPANTIKIS, AS NECESSARY, TO
ACHIEVE THE REQUESTO PLANT TUMBEST
MES SELENNYAL BY INSTALLES PLANTS AFTER THE SECON
GROWNING SEZONS.

AFTER PET THE OFFER OFFER HE WOOD'P PLANT SPECIES
AFTER THE PET TO SERVINGE SELEND.

NO SUCCESSFULLY ESTABLISH A
DEBUTE NATURE FLATT COMMUNITY
WITHIN ON SITE WITHAND AND
WITHAND BUFFER.

TO INSTALL AND SUCCESSFULLY ESTABLISH NATIVE PLANTINGS (TREES AND SHRUBS) WITHIN 7,404 SF OF COMBINED WETLAND AND WETLAND BUFFER.

TO GRADE ON-SITE AREAS AS NECESSARY TO EXPAND WETLAND HYDROLOGY PRESENCE BY 4,270 SE.

YEAR 5 WETLAND DELINEATION YEARS 1 & 2 HYDROLOGY ONLY

LATE SUMMER

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION DETAIL

LEON MORE AWWW NEWSON NATIVE SOIL %" MINUS CRUSHED ROCK BACKFILL COMPACT TO 95% M.N. DENSITY 6" MIN DIA SQUARE OR ROUND ROUGH CUT WOOD POST - UNTREATED (TYP) FENCE SHALL BE COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE POST AND RAIL SYSTEM PER THE MIN. SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN IN THIS DETAIL.

CRITICAL AREA FENCE

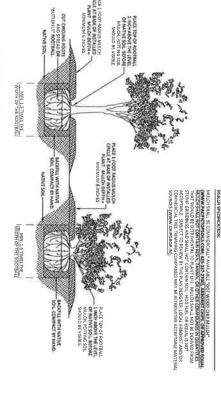
CUT WOOD KELL-UNTREATED (TYP)

CRITICAL AREA BUFFER

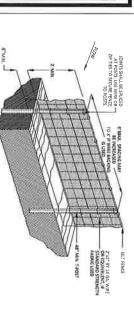
CRITICAL AREA FENCE INSTALLATION NOTES

2. WOOD SHALL BY WESTERN REDCEBAR ON EQUAL

CRITICAL AREA FENCE INSTALLATION DETAIL



TREE AND SHRUB INSTALLATION DETAILS



Monitoring & Maintenance Plan, Details ယ ရ ယ

DESIGN BY: ES
DRAWN BY: EARC
CHECK BY: ES

WETLAND MITIGATION PLAN - LAND PLUS 26TH ST -

W WILL

Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc.

PROJECT

15809 BEAR CREEK PARKWAY - REDMOND, WASHINGTON 9805



Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc.

PO Box 880 Fall City, WA 98024 Phone: 253-859-0515

December 9, 2015

Vinay Reddy & Shiva Bannehalli People Tech Group 15809 Bear creek pkwy Redmond, WA 98052

RE: Parcel #5453300010 - Critical Area Report

City of Bellevue, Washington

SWC Job #15-179

Dear Vinay & Shiva,

This report describes our observations of jurisdictional wetlands, streams and/or buffers on or within 225' of Parcel #5453300010, located off SE

26th Street in the City of Bellevue, Washington.



The site consists of a rectangular shaped undeveloped parcel with a total area of 3.7 acres and located within the NW ¼ of Section 10, Township 24 North, Range 5 East of the W.M.

METHODOLOGY

Ed Sewall of Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc. inspected the site on October 15, 2015. The site was reviewed using methodology described in the Washington State Wetlands Identification Manual (WADOE, March 1997). This is the methodology currently recognized by the City of Covington and the State of Washington for wetland determinations and delineations. The site was also inspected using the methodology described in the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, 1987), and the Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast region Supplement (Version 2.0) dated June 24, 2010, as required by the US Army Corps of Engineers. Soil colors were identified using the 1990 Edited and Revised Edition of the Munsell Soil Color Charts (Kollmorgen Instruments Corp. 1990).



Above: Vicinity Map of site

OBSERVATIONS

Existing Site Documentation.

Prior to visiting the site, a review of several natural resource inventory maps was conducted. Resources reviewed included the National Wetland Inventory Map, the NRCS Soil Survey online mapping, and WADNR Fpars water type mapping website.

Soil Survey

According to the NRCS Soil Mapper website, eastern side of the site is mapped as Alderwood gravelly loam. Alderwood soils are moderately well drained soils formed in glacial till. The western 2/3rds of the site is ampped as Seattle Muck. Seattle Muck soils are very poorly drained organic soils. Seattle soils are considered a wetland or hydric soils according to the publication Hydric Soils of the United States (USDA NTCHS Pub No.1491, 1991).



Above: NRCS Soil map of the study area.

National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)

The NWI map depicts a large forested wetland extending onto the site.



Above: NWI Map of the study area

WADNE Fpars Stream Mapping

The Washington Department of Natural Resources Fpars stream type mapping website depicts a Type F water to the west of the site. This stream is known as Richards Creek.



Above WDNR Fpars stream mapping

Field Observations

The site is an undeveloped forested parcel, primarily wetland, vegetated with a mix of red alder, black cottonwood and western red cedar overstory with red-osier dogwood, salmonberry, skunk cabbage and lady fern in the understory. The site contains a small rise near the south end which is upland which is covered with Himalayan blackberry, cottonwood, and sword fern. This may be old fill material as it has a mounded appearance.

The south edge of the wetland was flagged with flags A1-A7. The upland island on the site was flagged with flags AA1-AA7.

Soil pits excavated in the upland portion of the site on the east were generally found to have dry, gravelly loam soils with soil colors of 10YR 3/2-3/3. Soils were found to be dry within the upper 16" during our site observations.

Soil pits excavated within the wetland portion of the site revealed black (10YR 2/1) mineral soils as well as portions with a histic epipedon. Soils within the wetland were saturated near the surface.

Using the US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Classification Method (Cowardin et al. 1979), this wetland contains areas that would be classified as PFO1C.

Using the WADOE Wetland Rating system and rating the wetland as a lake fringe wetland, this wetland scored a total of 56 points with 18 for habitat. This indicates a Category II wetland. According to City of Bellevue Municipal Code (BMC) Chapter 20.25.095.C,, Category II wetlands with a low habitat score have a 75' buffer measured from the wetland edge.

Category	Wetland Characteristic	Buffer
	Natural heritage wetlands	190 feet
	Bogs	190 feet
	Forested	Based on score for habitat or water quality functions
	Habitat score of 29 to 36	225 feet
	Habitat score of 20 to 28	110 feet
	Water quality score of 24 to 32 and habitat score of less than 20	75 feet
	Not meeting any of the above	75 feet
I	Habitat score of 29 to 36	225 feet
	Habitat score of 20 to 28	110 feet
	Water quality score of 24 to 32 and habitat score of less than 20	75 feet
	Not meeting any of the above	75 feet
III	Habitat score of 20 to 28 points	110 feet
	Not meeting any of the above	60 feet
V over 2,500 square feet	Score for functions less than 30 points	40

Proposed Project & Conceptual Mitigation

The proposed project is the construction of a single family home along the south edge of the site by SE 26th. Since the entire site is either

wetland or buffer, it is impossible to build on the site without impacting both.

The proposed home has a total impact area 2,231sf, of which approximately 1,150sf is Category II wetland. As detailed in BMC 20.25H.105.C, impacts to Category II wetlands must be mitigated at a 3:1 ratio.

The proposed mitigation for the impacts of 1,150sf of Category II wetland will be mitigated by creating at a 3:1 ratio, 3,450sf of wetland by removing most of the upland island. This area would be graded down to an elevation 12" below that of the abutting wetland. The area would then be brought to the final grade by adding 12" of topsoil and planting with a mix of native tree and shrub species.



This area would then be monitored for a period of 5 years as required by the City. Once this conceptual plan is reviewed and approved, a detailed Final Mitigation Plan will be prepared for review and approval by the City.

If you have any questions in regards to this report or need additional information, please feel free to contact me at (253) 859-0515 or at esewall@sewallwc.com.

Sincerely,

Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc.

Ed Sewall

Senior Wetlands Ecologist

REFERENCES

Cowardin, L., V. Carter, F. Golet, and E. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, FWS/OBS-79-31, Washington, D. C.

Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual, Technical Report Y-87-1. U. S. Army Corps of Engineers Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi.

Muller-Dombois, D. and H. Ellenberg. 1974. Aims and Methods of Vegetation Ecology. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, New York.

Munsell Color. 1988. Munsell Soil Color Charts. Kollmorgen Instruments Corp., Baltimore, Maryland.

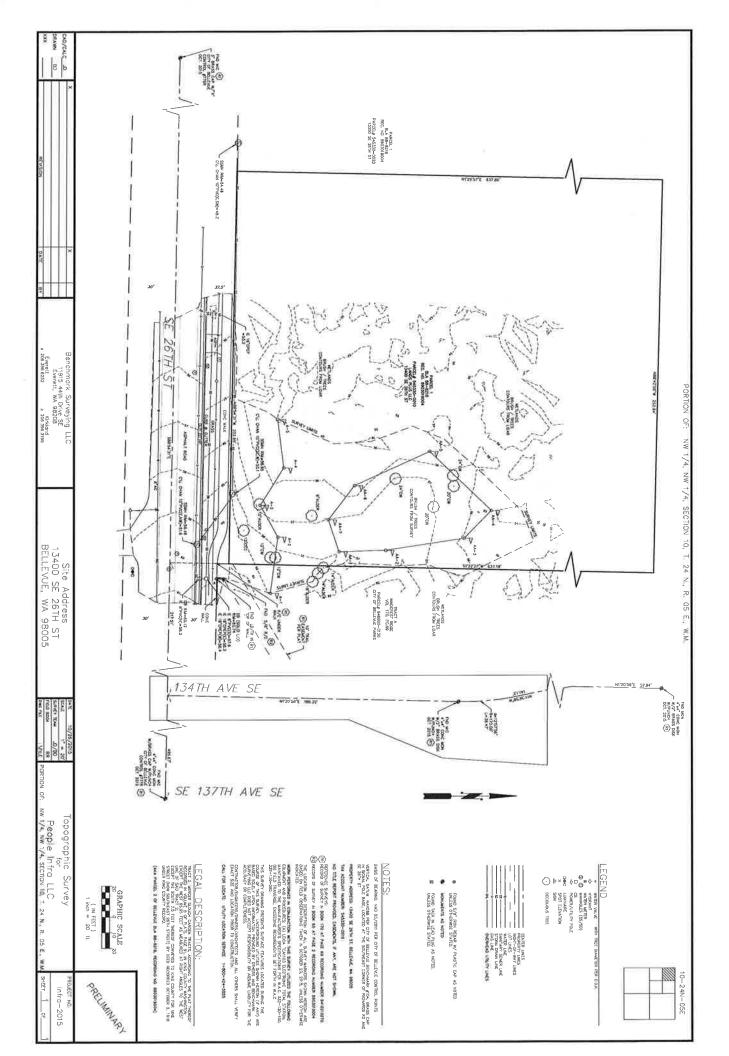
National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils. 1991. Hydric Soils of the United States. USDA Misc. Publ. No. 1491.

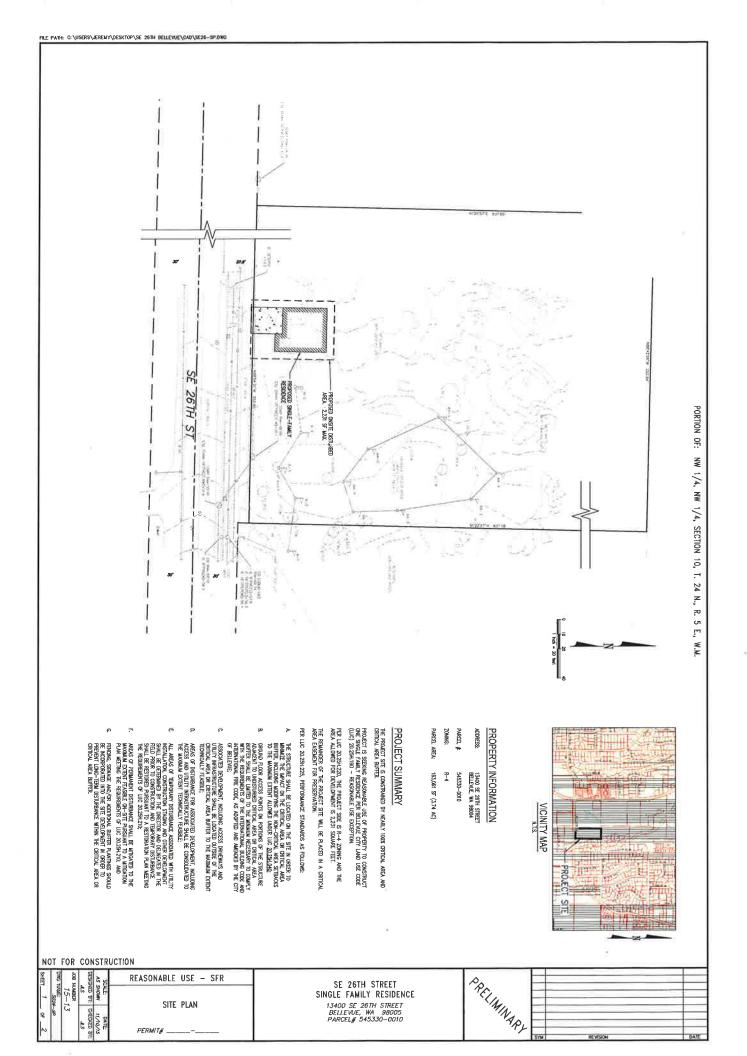
Reed, P., Jr. 1988. National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Northwest (Region 9). 1988. U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Inland Freshwater Ecology Section, St. Petersburg, Florida.

Reed, P.B. Jr. 1993. 1993 Supplement to the list of plant species that occur in wetlands: Northwest (Region 9). USFWS supplement to Biol. Rpt. 88(26.9) May 1988.

USDA NRCS & National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils, September 1995. Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States - Version 2.1

Washington State Wetland Rating System for Western Washington, Washington State Department of Ecology Publication No. 14-06-029, published October 2014





DP)

			LANGUAGE PARTY NO.	≠ Total Cover
		Remarks	/	
, previous inspections). If available:	ia (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections). Il available:	Describe Recorded Data (stream g		Woody Vine Stratum (Piot street
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	No Depth (notes):	2 5	Installation of typera soil and welland hydrology must: be present unless disturbed or problematic.	a Total Ottor
	 * \	3	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)	
		Field Observations:	Westerd Non-Monarday Manual	
1	ŀ	Inundetion Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Marphological Adaptations (Provide supporting	
[]	Shinled or Stress	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	Prevalence index is \$3.0°	
Recent from Reduction in Tilled Solls (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	Recent from Reduction in Tilled a	Iron Decksills (BS)	Hydrophytic Vegetation indicators:	
ving Roots (C3)	Oxidizand Rhizosp	Drift Deposits (B3)	Prevalence Index = BIA =	
1	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Sediment Deposits (B2)	Control in Course	
1 1	Aguatic Invertebrates (B13)	Water Merks (B1)		i.
Dininge Patients (B(0)	Sali Crust (811)	Saturation (ACI)		Total Cover
# [pe] (except wrky	Al cobulities - Marthy	Surface Water (A1)		
1	required; check all that apply)	Primary indicators (minimum of one required; check all that appire	FACW species x2=	
		Welland Hydrology Indicatorat	OBLepedes x1=	
		HYDROLOGY	over of	
			Prevalence Index worksheet:	Ruhis sauchbib 75 FAC
			That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)	SwiftenShmib Stratum (Eld abor
		Remarks:	Species Actions All Strate: 2 (B)	
Hydric Boll Present? Year No.		Dapin (inches):	1	
\		Restrictive Layer (If present):	Namber of Denthmant Species That Am OBL FACW, or FAC: Charles of Denthmant Species Charles of	Tree Stratum (Plot street
	Redox Depressions (F8)	Sandy Gloyed Matrix (SA)	Doninarca Test workshoots	renuic names or plants.
(F7) westigned by declaration and a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the present was a present was a present with the presen	Declared Dark Surface (F7)	Sandy Mucky (Averal (St.)		OH Horizolanda a line of slave
	П	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)		8
(except MLRA 1)	Loamy Mucky Mitneral (F1) (except MURA 1)	Black Histor (A3)		metano nyarangy risasatir ilaa nya
Red Parent Material (TF2)	Stripped Matrix (SS)	Histo Epipedan (A2)	nd? Yes No	Yes
oted.) indicators for Problematic Hydrid sous: 1	(Applicable to all LNRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicab	TAPE	on Present? Yes
	n. D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Costed Sand Gialna.		ocations, transacts, important features, etc.	SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transacts, important features, etc.
			(If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)	Soff or Hydrology naturally problemator?
			Are "Nolmal Circumstances" present? Yes No	3
			(If no, explain in Remarks.)	A's climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site holical for this time of year? Yes No
			WWT classification:	
	TO STORY THE PERSON NAMED IN CO.	Towns in		
936		16 10m2/1	convex hone): Stope (%):	od. Isrraica. etc. t
STOLETICE		1601	10 52 80 90 90 90	myesticastoria): 2d Scwc. Section, Township, Range:
% Type Loc Texture Semarks	% Color (molet) %	finches) Color (moist)	State: 1/9 Sampling Point: 199#	AnolicandiOwner
	ALIEN CANALL			

US Anny Corps of Engineers Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast - Interin Version

US Army Corps of Engineers

Western Mountains, Valleys, and Cosst - Interim Version

uplud islud

Sampling Point: > P

Applicant/Owner:		Cily/County:	State: 14/9	Sampling Point: DP# 2
25%	Sewell	Section, Township, Range:		1 3
Landform (hillstope, terrace, etc.):		Local relial (conceve, convex, nohe):	HAMMY WOUND:	Stope (%):
Subregion (LRR):	Lap		Longs	Dedurt:
Sof Map Unit Name: Are allmatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this fine of year? Yes	ide hypical for this lime of y	7 79	NWI destification: (If no, explain in Remerks.)	ation:
			Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes	CORRECTOR YES NO
SUMBARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site	oh site map showing sampli	g sampling point lo	int locations, transacts, important	or regularity naturally processes of the map showing sampling point locations, transactly, important features, etc.
Hydrophysic Vegetation Present?	Yes No			
		terir conduins and as		-
ment?		within a Wedand?	77 144	8 ,
VEGETATION ~ Use scientific names of plants.	imes of plants.			
Through Strate of the sail	the Scotter	Dominant Indicator Benden2 Status FAC	Dominance Test worksheets Number of Dominant Species That Me OBL, FACW, or FAC:	sheets oction / (A)
			Total Number of Dominent Species Across All Strata:	(J
Sacilina/Shook Stretum / Plot star	,	Total Cover	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACH, or FAC:	Areac: 35 (MB)
Teubus dissolut	82	1760	Prevalence Index worksheet:	Katheett
			Total % Coverof	Multiply by:
			FAC species	×2 =
		# Total Cover	FAOU spedies	×4.*
Hard Street Plan size:	30	- 1	LIPIL species	
			Privateros Index = B/A =	38/A = (B)
			Hydrophytic Vocetation indicators:	on Indicators:
			Oominance Test is \$60% Prevelence Index is £3,0 ^T	±3.0%
			Morphological Ada data in Remedo	Murphological Adaptations" (Provide supporting date in Remedio of on a separate sheet)
			Wettend Non-Vescular Plants	ulay Planta
10.			Indicators of hydric sol	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
		Total Cover		
ody Vine Straium (Plotates:			Hydrophytio Vegetation	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot stor.				788 80

Histosol (A1)
Histosol (A2)
Histo Exposton (A2)
Histosopon Suttide (A3)
Hydrogen Suttide (A4)
Depleted Below Dark Burtase (A12)
Thick Dark Surface (A12)
Sandy Marcy Mineral (B1)
Sandy Geyyed Martin (B1)
Sandy Geyyed Martin (B1) Water Marks (81)
Sedintent Deports (82)
Drift Depostis (83)
Algel Nat or Crust (84) Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) Type: C-Concentration, D-Despition, Rith-Reduced Matrix, CS-Covered or Couted Sand Grains.
Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Inchest Color Inself Erlmery traffostore (inflatmont of one resulted; check all thet anoth)

Surface (Water (Art)

High Weiter Table (AZ)

1, 2, 4A, an

Selt Crust (B1) HYDROLOGY Welland Hydrology Indicators: Setoralion Fresent?

Setoralion Fresent?

Treducide oscillary frings)

Describe Recorded Data (hissen gauge, monitoring west, secial pholos, previous inspections), if evaluate: Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Water Table Present? Depth (Inches): 700 Surface Soil Ctacks (B6) fnundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Yes No Depth (Inches):
Yes No Dapth (Inches):
Yes No Dapth (Inches): S Color (mois) g 5 , who carry made carters Radox Fastures Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes いたり Hydrio Soll Present? Yes 2 cm Muck (A10)
Red Perent Melevial (TF2)
Other (Explain in Remarks) Secondary Indicators. (2 or many psychol)
Water-Stained Leaves (59) (MLPA 1, 2,
AA, and 48) Indicators of hydrophysic vegetation and vestiand hydrology must be present, unless distorbed or problematic. Dry-Seeson Water Table (CZ)
Saturation Visible on Aurital Imagery (CB) Location: PL-Pore Uning, M-Matrix, loatons for Problematic Hydric Solle: Romarks 7 8 1

US Army Corps of Engineers

Western Motertaine, Vallege, and Coast - Interim Version.

US Anny Corps of Engineers

Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast - Interim Yersion

Wetland
рато
or mumbe
7

WETLAND RATING FORM - WESTERN WASHINGTON

\$

	SEC: /	Rated by	Name of	
Map	SEC: 10 TWNSHP: 24 RNGE: 5 Is S/T/R in Appendix D? Yes_ No_	Rated by 51	Name of wetland (if known): Rept Tech	Vergion
Map of wetland unit: Figure	24 RNGE	Trained by Ecology? Yes_No Date of training	nown):	Updated Oct 2008 with the new WDFW definit
unit: Fig	۾/	2	Roph	# 2008 with
Te	S/T/R in A	Trained by	tech	updated July 2006 to merease accuracy and reproducibility among Updated Oct 2008 with the new WDFW definitions for priority habi
Estima	ppendix D'	88		W definition
ted size	7 Yes	Yes No.	Date	s for priority
Estimated size 3-5~	No.	Date of	Date of site visit 10-15-15	habitats
1.		training_	10-15	
			7	

SUMMARY OF RATING

Category based op FUNCTIONS provided by wetland m m IV

Category I = Score >=70
Category II = Score 51-59
Category III = Score 30-50
Category IV = Score < 30

Score for Water Quality Functions Score for Hydrologic Functions Score for Habitat Functions RE 72

TOTAL score for Functions

56

Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

II Does not Apply c

Final Category (choose the "highest" category from above)



Summary of basic information	ation about the wetland unit	
Characterine & Specific	Walding Heaville	
Estuarine	Depressional	7
Natural Heritage Wetland	Riverine	
Bog	Lake-fringe	
Mature Forest	Slope	
Old Growth Forest	Mats	
Coastal Lagoon	Freshwater Tidal	
Interdunal		
None of the above	Check if unit has multiple HGM classes present	

Wetland Rating Form – western Washington version 2 To be used with Ecology Publication 04-06-025

August 2004

Wetland name or number

Does the wetland unit being rated meet any of the criteria below?

If you answer YES to any of the questions below you will need to protect the wetland according to the regulations regarding the special characteristics found in the wetland.

(SP4. Does the welland unti have a local significance in addition to its functions? For example, the welland has been identified in the Shoreline Master Program, the Critical Areas Ordinance, or in a local management plan as having special significance.
7	SP3. Does the welland unit cantain individuals of Priority species listed by the NDFW for the state?
(SP2. Has the wetland unit been documented as habitat for any State fisted Threatened or Endangered animal species? For the purposes of this rating system, "documented" means the wetland is on the appropriate state database. Note: Wetlands with State listed plant species are categorized as Category I Natural Heritage Wetlands (see p. 19 of data form).
7	SP1. Has the welland unit been documented as a habitat for any Federally listed Threatened or Endangered animal or plant species (ITE species)? For the purposes of this rating system, "documented" means the wetland is on the appropriate state or federal database.
ON SELA	(Chards Live for XXxXanads Theo XXxy Kxxxi Additioned Protestion (in addition to the protestion resconnented for its (3.032050))

To complete the next part of the data sheet you will need to determine the Hydrogeomorphic Class of the wetland being rated

The hydrogeomorphic classification groups wetlands into those that function in similar ways. This simplifies the questions needed to answer how well the wetland functions. The Hydrogeomorphic Class of a wetland can be determined using the key below. See p. 24 for more detailed instructions on olassifying wetlands.

Wetland Rating Form - western Washington

2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct 2008

August 2004

Wetland name or numb	
	4

Classification of Wetland Units in Western Washington

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unif being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

1. Are the water levels in the entire unit usually controlled by tides (i.e. except during floods)? arog-Go YES - the wetland class is Tidal Fringe

Hyes, is the salinity of the water during periods of annual low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)? YES – Freshwater Tidal Fringe NO – Saltwater Tidal Fringe (Estuarine)

wellands. If it is Saltwater I'dal Fringe it is rated as an Estuarine welland. Wettends that revision. To maintain consistency between editions, the term "Estuarine" wetland is kept. categorized separately in the earlier editions, and this separation is being kept in this Water Tidal Fringe in the Hydrogeomorphic Classification. Estuarine wetlands were were called estuarine in the first and second editions of the rating system are called Salt If your welland can be classified as a Freshwater Tidal Fringe use the forms for Riverine wetlands have changed (see p.). Please note, however, that the characteristics that define Category I and II estuarine

2. The entire wetland unit is flat and precipitation is the only source (>90%) of water to it. NO-80 to3 er and surface water runoff are NOT sources of water to the unit.

YES — The wetland class is Mats

If your welland can be classified as a "Flats" welland, use the form for Depressional wetlands.

3. Does the entire wetland unit meet both of the following criteria?

The vegetated part of the wetland is on the shores of a body of permanent open water (without any vegetation on the surface) at least 20 acres (8 ha) in size;

NO-go to 4 east 30% of the open water area is deeper than 6.6 ft (2 m)? YES - The wetland class is Lake-fringe (Lacustrine Fringe)

i. Poes the entire wetland unit meet all of the following criteria?

The wetland is on a slope (slope can be very gradual),

The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually distinct banks. comes from seeps. It may flow subsurface, as sheetflow, or in a swale without

The water leaves the wetland without being impounded?

NOTE: Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hunmocks (depressions are usually

O-go to S diameter and less than I foot deep).
YES - The wetland class is Slope

Weiland Rating Form – western Washington 3 version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct. 2008

Андияt 2004

Wetland name or number

5. Does the entire wetland unit meet all of the following criteria?

flooding from that stream or river The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank

The overbank flooding occurs at least once every two years.

NOTE: The riverine unit can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is

NO-go to YES - The wetland class is Riverine

interior of the wetland surface, at some time during the year. This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the

NO-go to 7 YES - The wetland class is Depressional

7. Is the entire wetland unit-located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank natural outlet maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched, but has no obvious flooding. The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be

NO-go to 8 YES - The wetland class is Depressional

clases. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a depressional wedland has a zone of flooding along its sides. GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WEIGH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit HGM classes present within your wetland. NOTE: Use this table only if the class that is the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use being rated. If the area of the class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit, classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

all described the section of the sec	Taresty to the section of the sectio
Slope + Rivenine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake-fringe	Lake-fringe
Depressional + Riverine along stream within boundary	Depressional
Depressional + Lake-fringe	Depressional
Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other class of freshwater	Treat as ESTUARINE under
wetland	wetlands with special
	characteristics

If you are unable still to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have more than 2 HGM classes within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

ם	ם	ם	۵	ם	D	D E
D2. Does the wetland unit have the <u>opportunity</u> to improve water quality? Answer YES if you know or believe there are pollutants in groundwater or surface water coming into the wetland that would otherwise reduce water quality in streams, lakes or groundwater downgradient from the wetland. Note which of the following conditions provide the sources of pollutants. A unit may have pollutants coming from several sources, but any single sources would qualify as opportunity. Grazing in the wetland or within 150 ft Uniterated stommwater discharges to wetland A stream or culvent discharges into wetland that drains developed areas, residential unes, soft courses are within 150 ft of wetland Wetland is field by groundwater high in phosphorus or nitrogen YES multiplier 129 NO multiplier is 1 YES multiplier 129 NO multiplier is 1	Total for D 1 Add the points in the boxes above		Wetland has persistent ungrazed, vegetation (emergent, strub, and/or forest Consardin class) Figure, Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, vegetation >= 95% of area Wetland has persistent, ungrazed vegetation >= 1/2 of area Wetland has persistent, ungrazed vegetation >= 1/10 of area Wetland has persistent, ungrazed vegetation <1/10 of area points = 1 Wetland has persistent, ungrazed vegetation <1/10 of area points = 0 Wap of Cowardin vegetation disasses	S 1.2 The soil 2 inches below the surface (or duff layer) is clay or organic (hese NRCS definitions) YES NO points = 4 points = 0	D1.1 Characteristics of surface water flows out of the wetland: Unit is a degression with no surface water leaving it (no outlet) Unit has an indemnitually flowing. OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet points = 2 Unit has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet (permanently flowing) from the Plats has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet (permanent surface officings in the Plats class, with permanent surface of points = 1 (If ditch is not permanently flowing treat unit as "Internitiantly flowing")	Depressional and labe. Wellands industors that the welland and unretone to manusers with spirit. D 1. Does the welland unit have the potential to improve water quality?
multiplier 7 4	Ē	Figure 2	U)	t	Figure	(see p. 38)

Weiland Rating Form - western Washington
5
version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct. 2008

August 2004

Wetland name or number A

ם	D D	ם	D
D 4. Does the wetland unit have the <u>opportunity</u> to reduce flooding and erosion? Answer YES if the unit is in a location in the watershed where the flood storage, or reduction in water velocity, it provides helps protect downstream property and aquatio resources from flooding or excessive and/or erosive flows. Answer NO if the water coming into the wetland is controlled by a structure such as flood gate, tide gate, flap valve, reservoir etc. OR you estimate that more than 90% of the water in the wetland is from groundwater in areas where damaging groundwater flooding does not occur. Note which of the following indicators of opportunity apply. — Wetland is in a headwater of a river or stream that has flooding problems — Wetland drains to a river or stream that has flooding problems of the following indicators of opportunity apply. Wetland that no outlet and impounds surface runoff water that might otherwise flow into a river or stream that has flooding problems — Other YES multiplier is NO multiplier is 1 TOTAL - Hydrologic Functions Multiply the score from D 3 by D 4	D33 Contribution of vertical unit to storage in the watershed Estimate the ratio of the area of upstream basin contributing surface water to the welland to the area of the welland unit itself. The area of the basin is less than 10 times the area of the unit The area of the basin is more than 100 times the area of the unit The area of the basin is more than 100 times the area of the unit Entire unit is in the FLATS class Add the points in the boxes above	ty constricted, surface outlet. (permanently flowing) t periods t periods t periods over the bottom of the cullet. For units with no o over the bottom of the cullet. For units with no o leavest water or despest part (If dry). s above the surface or bottom of outlet liand" < 3 ft from surface or bottom of outlet from surface or bottom of outlet them surface or bottom of outlet	D3. Does the welland unit have the potential to reduce flooding and erusion? D3. Characteristics of surface water flows out of the welland unit Unit is a depression with no surface water flows out of the welland unit Unit is a flow of the confidence of the confidence flowing outlet points = 4 Unit is a "that" depression (C. 7 on key), or in the Flats class, with permanent surface outloys and no obvious natural outlet and/or outlet is a man-made dirch. Of datch is not permanently flowing read unit at "infermittently flowing")
(see p. 49)	114	٦ -	(see p.40)

Wetland Rating Form - Western Washington 6 version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct. 2008

esesse nistrophy menocina Shaward an stranging and stranger system. Surface States of exemination	H 1.1 Vegetation structure (see p. 72) Figure Check the types of weetation classes present (as defined by Cowardin). Size threshold for each		have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 73) p. 73) where shrubs have >30% cover) are trees have >30% cover) to class of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) is class check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 is fructures 2 structures 1 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 1 1 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 4 or inundated 3 types present points = 2 1 type present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 4 or more types present points = 2 5 structures 1 type present points = 2 1 type present points = 2 5 structures 1 type present points = 2 1 type present points = 2 1 type present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 5 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 6 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 6 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 5 species 1 type present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 5 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 5 species 1 type present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 5 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 2 types present points = 0 5 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 5 species 6 combined to meet the stream or river in or adjacent to, the wetland 6 = 2 points 6 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 6 = 2 points 6 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 6 = 2 points 6 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 6 = 2 points 6 stream or river
TO DO SELECTION OF THE PERSON	The state of the s	10 hes	1. Does the wedland unit have the potential to provide habitat for many species?
12	THE REAL PROPERTY AND PERSONS ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT AND PERSONS ASSESSMENT AND PERSONS ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT AND PERSONS ASSESSMENT ASS	where shrubs have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 straic (eacopy, sub-eacopy, strubs, herbscoous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 4 structures 4 structures 5 structures 5 structures 9 points = 4 2 structures 1 structures 1 points = 2 1 structures 1 points = 0 1 points = 0 1 points = 0 2 types present 1 type present 2 types present 2 type present 2 types present 3 types present 4 examinate 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 examinate 1 type present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or immdated 3 types present 4 or immdated 3 types present 4 or immdated 3 types present 5 types p	class is 4 dars or more than 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cores. Aquesto bed
ch	class is 14 acre or more than 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. Aquatio bed	tete trees have 300% cover) i class check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, strubs, herbscoous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures 4 structures 4 structures 5 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 points = 2 1 points = 0 1 points = 0 1 points = 0 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 or inundated 4 or more types present 4 or more types present 4 or inundated 5 types present 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 4 car points = 2 2 types present 5 type present 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 4 car more types present 5 (different patches 6 combined to meet the size threshold) 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 points = 2 5 - 19 species 5 - 19 species 75 species 76 points = 2 77 points = 3 77 points = 2 77 points = 3 77 points = 3 78 points	Emergent plants
G.h	class is 1/4 acre or more than 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. Aquatio bed Emergent plants	delass check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 4 structures 5 structures 9 points = 4 3 structures 1 structures 1 points = 1 2 structures 1 structures 1 points = 0 2 structures 1 points = 0 2 trumdated 4 or more types present 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 3 stream of types present 1 type present 2 types present 3 types present 4 exit points = 2 2 types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 3 types present 4 or inundated 3 types present 4 or inundated 4 or more types resent 5 types present 5 types presen	Forested (areas where shrups have >30% cover)
ich.	class is % acre or more than 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. Aquatio bed Expergent plants Sprub/simb (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) Forested (areas where these have >30% cover)	has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbecous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more 4 structures 2 structures 2 structures 3 structures 4 structures 4 structures 5 structures 5 points = 2 9 points = 0 1 structures 2 types present 3 types present 3 types present 4 or more types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or more types present 5	If the unit has a forested class check if:
C.h	class is 1/4 aars or more than 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. Aquatio bed Expensent plants Sprulvánub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) Forested (areas where trees have >30% cover) If the unit has a forested class check if:	structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 5 structures or more points = 4 5 structures or more points = 2 5 structures points = 2 5 structures points = 2 5 structures points = 0 7 structures points = 0 8 structures points = 0 1 structures points = 0 1 structures points = 0 1 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 3 1 or inundated 3 types present points = 2 1 type present points = 2 1 type present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 0 2 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 0 2 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 structure points = 0 2 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 0 2 stream or river in the wetland 3 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 2 7 strile 1 type present points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 2 7 strile 1 type present points = 0 8 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 3 types present points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 0 1 type present points = 0 1 type present points = 0 2 structures points = 0 2 structures points = 0 5 - 19 species points = 0	The forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (conopy, sub-conopy, shrubs, herbecoous,
ch	class is 1/4 care or more than 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cores. Aquatio bed Expergent plants Synthériub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) Forested (areas where strubs have >30% cover) If the unit has a forested class check if The fixested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, most found cover)	4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures points = 2 points = 2 2 structures points = 2 points = 0 1 structures points = 0 1 structure points = 0 2 types present points = 3 2 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 4 or inundated 1 type present points = 2 5 types present points = 0 2 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 2 types present points = 0 3 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points = 0 3 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points = 0 3 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points = 0 3 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points = 0 4 = 2 points = 1 type present points = 0 4 = 2 points = 1 type present points = 0 5 = 19 species points = 2 5 = 19 species points = 0	Add the number of vecetation structures that auditiv. If you have:
ch l	class is 1/4 acre or more than 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. Aquatio bed Expengent plants —Sprulvánub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) —Forested class where strubs have >30% cover) —The forested class check if: —The freested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, mose ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon Add the number of weetleting structures that multis. If you have	assess: 3 structures points = 2 2 structures points = 2 3 structures points = 1 1 structure points = 1 1 structure 1 structure 1 structure 1 structure 1 structure 1 structure 2 structure 2 structure 3 types present 2 structure 3 types present 3 types present 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 5 (see p. 75) 1 type present 2 types present 2 points = 0 3 types present 2 types present 2 points = 2 3 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 = 2 points = 2 4 = 2 points 4 = 2 points 4 = 2 points 5 - 19 species 4 or more types present 5 - 19 species 5 - 19 species 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 points = 2 3 types present 4 = 2 points = 3 5 - 19 species 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 5 - 19 species 5 - 19 species 5 - 19 species 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 species 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 3 types present 5 species 5 species 1 type present 2 type present 3 type prese	red or more
ich l	han 2.5 acres. nopy, shrubs, herbs forested polygon	asses: 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 points = 1 2 points = 0 1 structures 2 points = 0 1 structures 2 points = 0 2 points = 0 2 or inundated 4 or more types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 types present 6 or inundated 4 or more types present 7 types present 8 points = 2 9 points = 2 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 8 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 8 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 9 stream = 2 points 1 type present 1 type present 1 points = 0 9 stream = 2 points 1 structure 1 type present 1 points = 0 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present 1 type present 1 points = 0 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 1 points = 0 1 type present 2 types present 3 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or more types present 4 or more types present 5 ty	4 Supplies of more
ch ch	than 2.5 acres. Sorosted polygon res or more	i structure points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the westand. The water than 10% of the westand or it acre to count. (see text for ds) lor inundated 4 or more types present points = 3 regiment in or significant to the westand 3 types present points = 2 types present points = 2 type present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the westand d = 2 points stream in, or adjacent to, the westand stream in, or adjacent to, the westand stream in or adjacent to, the westand stream in or adjacent to, the westand stream or adjacent to, the west	2 shachings
ch	than 2.5 acres. Sorosted polygon res or more ures ures	regimes (hydroperiods) present within the westand. The water day (a) (b) (c) (d) (d) (e) (e) (e) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f	
0124	than 2.5 acres. Inopy, shrubs, herbs forested polygon res or more ures ures ures	regimes (hydroperiods) present within the weiland. The water than 10% of the weiland or it are to count. (see text for ds) or inundated 4 or more types present points = 3 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 types present points = 2 types present points = 1 type present points = 0 g stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland d = 2 points than = 2 points than = 2 points the welland that cover at least 10 ft². (different patches a combined to meet the size threshold) is the species. Tifyou counted: > 19 species 5 - 19 species points = 2 75 species Points = 2 Points = 2 75 species Points = 2	
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cares. where shrubs have >30% cover) tere trees have >30% cover) tere trees have >30% cover) iclass check if: to class check if: to class check if: to that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 points = 1 1 structure points = 0	where shrubs have >30% cover) to trees have >30% cover) cost check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures 2 structures 1 structure 1 structure 2 points = 1 2 structure 1 structure 2 points = 0	descriptions of hydroperiods) Permanently flooded or immdated Seasonally flooded or immdated Questionally flooded or immdated Seasonally flooded or immdated Questionally flooded or immdated Seasonally flooded or immdated Questionally flooded or immdated Seasonally flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland Lake-fringe welland = 2 points Freshwater fidal welland = 2 points = 0 Freshwater fidal welland	regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water
p. 72) p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cores. where shrubs have >30% cover) are trees have >30% cover) class check if: that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 3 structures 4 structures 5 points = 2 5 points = 1 1 structure 1 structure 2 points = 0 2 structures 4 structures 5 points = 0 1 structures 6 points = 0	where shrubs have >30% cover) to the structures there >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (eacopy, sub-canopy, strubs, herbsocous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 points = 2 2 points = 1 3 structures 1 structures 2 points = 2 3 points = 1 4 structures 4 structures 5 points = 2 6 points = 1 7 points = 0 7 points = 0	Permanently flooded or immdated Seasonally flooded or immdated Constitually flooded or immdated Sparated only Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland Lake-fringe verland = 2 points Freshwater fidal welland = 2 points = 0 Freshwater fidal welland	regime has to cover more than 10% of the weiland or 1/2 acre to count, (see text for
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) are trees have >30% cover) a class check if to class check if a class check if to class check if a structures or more points = 4 points = 2 structures or more points = 2 structures points = 1 structures 1 structures points = 0 Acre to count. (see text for da)	where shrubs have >30% cover) to trees have >30% cover) icleast check if: that: 3 out of 5 strata (campy, sub-campy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 structures 5 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 4 structures 5 count. (See text for day 4 day 4 care to count. (see text for	Seasonally flooded or immdated Questionally flooded or immdated Questionally flooded or immdated 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 1 1 type present points = 0 Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wedland Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wedland Lake-fringe verland = 2 points Freshwater fidal wedland = 2 points From the number of plant species in the wedland that cover at least 10 ft ² . (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the stree threshold) Fund for not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasiam Milyol, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife. Canadian Thistle Fyou counted: > 19 species points = 2 List species below if you want to: < 5 species points = 0	inundated 4 or more types present
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cores. where shrubs have >30% cover) tere trees have >30% cover) tere trees have >30% cover) icleus check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbescous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 structures 5 structures points = 1 i structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 or more types present points = 0 4 or more types present points = 3 1 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 3	where shrubs have >30% cover) ret trees have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 asises: 2 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the weitand. The water than 10% of the weitand or ½ core to count. (see text for day) 4 or more types present points = 3 or intudated 4 or more types present points = 3 or intudated	Constitually flooded or inundated Suprasted only Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wedland Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wedland Lake-fringe wedland = 2 points Freshwater fidal wedland = 2 points Map of hydroperiods H 1.3. Righness of Plant Species (see p. 75) Count the number of plant species in the wedland that cover at least 10 ft ² . (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the star threshold) You do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasiam Miffoll, read canarygrass, purple leosestrifs. Canadian Thistle Do not include Eurasiam Miffoll, read canarygrass, purple leosestrifs. Canadian Thistle List species below if you want to: 5-19 species points = 2 List species below for want to: 5 species points = 0	3 types present
p. 72) p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) are trees have >30% cover) class check if: that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 points = 1 i structure points = 1 points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the weiland. The water than 10% of the weiland or % acre to count. (see text for de) for inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 primmdated 4 or more types present points = 2 primmdated 4 or more types present points = 2 primmdated 4 or more types present points = 2 4 or more types present points = 2	where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) clast check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, strubs, herbsocous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures 2 structures points = 1 2 structures points = 1 1 structures points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the weiland. The water than 10% of the weiland or % acre to count. (see text for ds) or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 primmdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2	Sequested only Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wedland Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wedland Lake-fringe wedland = 2 points Freshwater fidal wedland = 2 points H 1.3. Richness of Plant Species (see p. 75) Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft ² . (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold) Fou do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian Adjoil, read canarygrass, purple leosestrifs. Canadian Thistle Do not include Eurasian Majoil, read canarygrass, purple leosestrifs. Canadian Thistle Tyou counted: > 19 species points = 2 List species below if you want to: 5-19 species points = 0 5 species points = 0	ooded or inundated 2 types present
p. 72) p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) class check if: that 3 out of 5 strata (campy, sub-campy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 structures 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 4 or more types present points = 3 to inundated 3 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2	where shrubs have >30% cover) clear check if: hus 3 out of 5 strait (eacopy, sub-eacopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 5 structures 5 structures 6 structures 7 structures 9 points = 4 9 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 4 or more types present 1 points = 0 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 2 types present 5 points = 2 2 types present 5 points = 2 5 points = 2 5 points = 3 5 or inundated 3 types present 5 points = 2 5 points = 2 5 points = 3 5 points = 3 5 points = 3 5 points = 2 5 points = 3 5 points = 2 5 points = 3	Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland Lake-fringe wetland = 2 points Map of hydroperiods	esent
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) vere trees have >30% cover) structures or more points = 4 structures or more points = 2 structures points = 2 asses: 2 structures points = 2 points = 1 1 structure vere trees that provide present points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water than 10% of the wetland or ½ acre to count. (see text for da) da) 4 or more types present points = 3 triundated 4 or more types present points = 1 1 type present points = 0 1 type present points = 0	where shrubs have >30% cover) clears check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 2 structures 3 structures 4 or more types present 4 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 points = 3 6 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 points = 3 6 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 points = 3 6 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 points = 3 6 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 points = 3 6 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 points = 1 6 or inundated 1 type present 6 points = 2 7 types present 7 points = 1 7 types present 8 points = 2 9 types present 9 points = 1 1 type present 9 points = 0	Lake-fringe rectand = 2 points Freshwater fidal wetland = 2 points H 1.3. Richness of Plant Species (see p. 75) Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft. (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the state threshold) You do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian Miljoil, read canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian Thesle List species below if you want to: 5-19 species points = 2 List species below if you want to: 5 species points = 0	Seasonally flowing stream or river in, or agreent to, the wettend
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) a class check if: this 3 out of 5 stata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more 5 structures in points = 2 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 4 or more types present 4 or more types present 5 ypes present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 1 type present 2 structures 2 structures 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 types present 1 type present 1 type present 2 structures 2 structures 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 types present 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 structures 3 structures 4 or more types present 5 structures 2 types present 5 structures 2 types present 5 structures 2 types present 5 types present 6 triumdated 1 type present 2 types present 1 type present 1 type present	where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) clears check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more 2 structures or more 3 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 1 structure points = 2 points = 1 points = 1 points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the welland. The water than 10% of the welland or ½ acres to count. (see text for day day 4 or more types present points = 3 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 or inundated 3 types present points = 2 or inundated 1 type present points = 2 g stream or river in, or edjacent to, the wetland g stream or river in, or edjacent to, the wetland g stream or river in, or edjacent to, the wetland treated to the county of the structure.	Eresthwater fidal wetland = 2 points H 1.3. Richness of Plant Species (see p. 75) Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft ² . (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold) You do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian Miljoil, treed canarygrats, purple loosestrife, Canadian Thistle If you counted: > 19 species points = 2 List species below if you want to: 5 - 19 species points = 0 < 5 species points = 0	Lake-fringe weiland = 2 points
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? A. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cares. where shrubs have >30% cover) cles theck if: that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 5 structures or more 9 points = 4 9 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 inundated 4 or more types present 4 or inundated 4 or more types present 4 or inundated 1 types present 2 types present 2 types present 3 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points = 0 2 structures 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points	where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) clears check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more 3 structures or more 9 points = 4 3 structures 1 structure 1 structure 1 or inundated 4 or more types present 1 types present 1 types present 1 types present 1 type present 2 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 2 stream 5 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 5 stream 5 on adjacent to, the wetland 6 = 2 points 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present	H 1.3. <u>Riohness of Plant Species</u> (see p. 75) Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft ² . (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the state threshold) You do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian Milfoil, read canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian Thesle Do not include Eurasian Milfoil, read canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian Thesle 15 species points = 2 List species below if you want to: 5 - 19 species points = 0 5 species points = 0	
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? [A.72] classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cores. where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) deltas teheck if: 4 structures or more 9 structures or more 9 points = 4 4 structures or more 1 structures points = 2 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 3 types present points = 3 3 types present points = 1 1 type present points = 0 structures 3 types present points = 0 structures 4 extructures 4 extructures 4 extructures 4 or more types present points = 0 structures 4 or inundated 2 types present points = 0 structures 4 extructures 4 extructures 4 extructures 4 or more types present points = 0 structures 4 extructures 4 extructures	where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) clears check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more 9 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 or inundated 4 or more types present 1 types present 2 types present 1 type present 2 points = 2 3 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 2 types present 5 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points Map of hydroperiods	Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft. (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold) You do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian Alffoli, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian Thistle If you counted: >19 species points = 2 List species below if you want to: < \$5\$ species points = 0 < \$5\$ species points = 0	
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cares. where shrubs have >30% cover) class check if the cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 points = 1 i structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 2 points = 1 i structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures for inundated dr inundated 4 or more types present for inundated dr inun	where struths have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, struths, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 4 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 5 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 5 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 5 types present points = 2 6 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 6 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 6 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 0 8 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 6 m = 2 points 1 type present points = 0 9 stream or discent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 0 9 stream or points = 0 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 0 9 stream or points = 0 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 0	species. iffoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, > 19 species 5 - 19 species < 5 species	1.7. Exhibition of the state of the state threshold. Court the number of piant species in the well and that cover at least 10 th. (different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the state threshold).
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) defined conpy, sub-eanopy, shrubs, herbecous, herbecous, over 10% within the forested polygon structures or more points = 4 structures a structures points = 2 goints = 1 1 structures points = 1 points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the welland. The water than 10% of the welland or 1/4 acre to count. (see text for day) for inundated d or inundated 4 or more types present points = 0 getream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland d = 2 pohnts for inundated d = 2 pohnts stream in, or adjacent to, the welland stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland stream in, or adjacent to, the welland stream in, or adjacent to, the welland stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland stream in, or adjacent to, the welland d = 2 pohnts stream in, or adjacent to, the welland d = 2 pohnts stream in, or adjacent to, the welland d = 2 pohnts stream in, or adjacent to, the welland	where shrubs have >30% cover) ice trees have >30% cover) iclass check if: his 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures or more points = 2 2 structures points = 1 1 structures points = 0 rimundated 4 or more types present points = 2 to rimundated 3 types present points = 2 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 for inundated 5 types present points = 2 or inundated 7 type present points = 2 or inundated 7 types present points = 2 or inundated 8 types present points = 2 or inundated 9 types present points = 2 or inundated 1 type present points = 2 or inundated 1 type present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream or tipe the state threshold) sceep. 75) g stream or the wetland that cover at least 10 ft. (different patches e combined to meet the state threshold)	Hyou countrie: > 19 species 5 - 19 species < 5 species < 5 species	ed commoners mirala locastrifa
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have a first free hold. combined to meet the size threshold. combined to meet the size threshold. cre trees have >30% cover) cles species. combined to meet the size threshold.	where shrubs have >30% cover) totast check if: has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 structures 5 structures 4 structures or more points = 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 1 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 4 or more types present points = 0 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 4 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 4 or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 5 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 3 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 3 types present points = 0 2 types present points = 0 3 types present points = 0 5 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 6 = 2 points 6 (different patches e combined to meet the size threshold) 1 type present points = 0 1 type present points = 0 2 structure and points = 0 3 types present points = 0 5 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 5 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 5 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 5 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 5 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 6 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 6 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 6 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 7 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 6 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 7 tream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland	5 - 19 species <5 species	
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) delass check if has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 structures 1 structures points = 2 points = 1 1 structures points = 1 1 structures points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the weiland. The water than 10% of the weiland or 1/4 acre to count. (see text for delay) to rimundated 4 or more types present points = 0 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 to rimundated 4 or more types present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the weiland d = 2 points d = 2 points g (see p. 75) g (see p. 75) s the species. Map of hydroperiods s the species.	where struths have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, struths, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures or more points = 2 2 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 2 structures 1 structures 1 points = 2 2 trumdated 4 or more types present points = 2 2 tryes present points = 2 2 tryes present points = 2 3 try points = 2 3 try possest to the wetland 4 or more types present points = 2 1 type present points = 2 1 type present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 4 or more types present points = 2 5 for inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 5 for points 6 d = 2 points 1 type present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream 2 points 6 (different patches combined to meet the stree threshold) 1 type present points = 0 2 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the stream or the street in a test 10 ft. (different patches combined to meet the street threshold) 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types 3 types 4 or more types present 5 ft. (different patches 6 combined to meet the street threshold)		5 - 19 species
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) at class check if the 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 points = 2 points = 1 1 structures 1 structures points = 2 points = 1 1 structures points = 1 1 structures points = 2 points = 0 rimundated 4 or more types present 1 types present of inundated 4 or more types present 1 types present 1 types present points = 2 points = 2 to rimundated d = 2 points g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream = 2 points (see p. 75) g stream or tiver in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream = 2 points (see text for da) 1 type present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 0 points = 0 2 types present points = 0 2	where struths have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, struths, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures or more points = 2 2 structures points = 1 1 structures 1 structures 4 or more types present points = 0 rimmdated 4 or more types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or more types present points = 2 or immdated 4 or points = 1 Type present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream 2 points (see p. 75) g stream or tiver in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 1 type present points = 3 5 (see p. 75) 5 - 19 species notifis = 2 points = 0 1 type present points = 3 5 - 19 species notifis = 2 points = 0 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 2 types the type to the wetland 3 types the type to the type type type type type type type typ		< 5 species
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) are trees have >30% cover) assess: a structures or more points = 4 points = 2 points = 1 1 structures a structures a structures points = 1 1 structures points = 1 points = 0 are inundated a triundated a triundated a 2 types present a 1 type present a 2 types present a 1 type present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland at = 2 points at = 2 points at the species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft ² . (different patches at the state threshold) a the species. a hilfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife. Canadian Thistle points = 2 points = 2 points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 0 points = 2 points = 2 points = 2 points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 0	where shrubs have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures or more points = 4 3 structures or more points = 2 2 structures points = 1 1 structures points = 1 2 structures 4 or more types present points = 0 r inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 2 types present points = 2 3 types present points = 2 d or inundated 4 or more types present points = 2 to rinundated 4 or more types present points = 2 to g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points Map of hydroperiods stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland stream 2 points (see p. 75) g (see p. 75) g (see p. 75) s (see p. 75)	7	
have the potential to provide habitat for many species? p. 72) classes present (as defined by Cowardin)-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) cre trees have >30% cover) delass check if has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures or more points = 4 points = 2 points = 1 1 structures points = 1 points = 0 regimes (hydroperiods) present within the weiland. The water than 10% of the weiland ar ½ acre to count. (see text for day) for inundated 1 types present points = 3 to rimudated 4 or more types present points = 3 to rimudated 4 or more types present points = 2 types present points = 2 type present points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the weiland at = 2 points d = 2 points for the weiland that cover at least 10 ft². (different patches the stree threshold) s the species. mhilfoil, reed canarygraus, purple loosestrife. Canadian Thistle points = 2 points = 2 points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 0 combined to meet the stree threshold. combined to meet the stree threshold.	where struths have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, struths, herbscoous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 4 structures 4 structures 4 structures 5 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 points = 2 2 structures 1 points = 0 2 structures 1 or inundated 4 or more types present 4 or more types present 4 or more types present 5 or inundated 4 or more types present 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 4 = 2 points = 2 2 types present 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or inundated 4 = 2 points = 0 2 types present 5 (different patiches 2 types present 5 - 19 species 5 - 19 species 5 points = 2 5 - 19 species 5 points = 0	~	
classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 acres. where shrubs have >30% cover) class theek if: this 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 5 structures or more 4 structures 9 points = 4 9 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 i structures 1 or inundated 4 or more types present 5 structures 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types gresent 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 structures 5 structures 6 structures 9 points = 2 9 points = 0 1 type present 2 types gresent 3 types present 4 or more types present 4 or more types present 5 structures 6 structures 1 type present 9 points = 0 1 type present 1 type present 9 points = 0 1 type present 2 points = 0 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 points = 0 1 type present 9 points = 0 1 type present 2 points = 0 5 structures 6 combined to meet the state threshold) 8 structures 1 type present 9 points = 0 1 type present 1 type present 9 points = 0 1 type present 2 points = 0 5 structures 6 combined to meet the state threshold) 1 type present 2 points = 0 5 structures 5 -19 species 1 points = 0 5 structures 1 type present 1 type present 9 totals 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 5 types present 5 -19 species 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present	where shrubs have >30% cover) clear check if: has 3 out of 5 strait (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 4 structures 5 structures 1 structures 2 structures 2 structures 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 or inundated 4 or more types present 1 type gresent 4 or inundated 5 types gresent 6 or inundated 7 types present 1 type gresent 7 type gresent 7 to the welland 7 type gresent 8 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland 7 type gresent 8 stream in, or adjacent to, the welland 7 type gresent 8 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland 1 type gresent 9 on ints = 2 9 on ints = 0 9 stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland 1 type gresent 2 type gresent 2 type gresent 3 type gresent 5 -19 species 1 type gresent 2 type gresent 2 type	1	
classes present (as defined by Cowardhyl-Size threshold for each in 10% of the area if unit is smaller than 2.5 cores. where shrubs have >30% cover) class thee's if: that sack cover 20% within the forested polygon situations that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 5 structures or more 5 structures or more 5 structures 6 structures 7 structures 7 structures 9 points = 2 9 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 structures 1 points = 1 1 structures 1 or inundated 2 types present 2 or inundated 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 or inundated 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 points = 1 2 points 2 structures 9 stream or river in, or edjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 1 type present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 1 type present 2 types present 2 types present 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland 4 = 2 points 2 structures S (see p. 75) 4 or more the state threshold) 5 species 6 canadian Thistle 1 fyou counted: 5 -19 species 9 points = 0 5 species 9 points = 0	where shrubs have >30% cover) class check if: has 3 out of 5 strate (eacopy, sub-eacopy, shrubs, herbeccous, over) that each cover 20% within the forested polygon structures that qualify. If you have: 4 structures 5 structures 1 structures 1 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 2 structures 3 types present 4 or more types present 5 or immdated 4 or more types present 3 types present 4 or immdated 5 types present 1 type present 1 type present 2 types present 5 tracture 2 points = 0 g stream or river in, or adjacent to, the welland 4 = 2 points 5 (see p. 75) 5 (see p. 75) 5 (see p. 75) 5 (see p. 75) 6 (different patches 6 combined to meet the size threshold) 6 (Species 6 (Species 6 (Species 7 (Species 8 (Species 9 (Spe		

Weiland name or number 4

	add the scores from HI I HI 2 HI 4 HI 6
٥	H. 1. TOTAL Score - potential for providing habitat
0	NOTE: The 20% stated in early printings of the manual on page 78 is an error.
J	Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in each stratum of plants
in the second	that are permanently or seasonally inundated, (structures for ese-laying by amphibiants)
	have not yet turned greybrown)
	(>30degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that
	(10m) Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning
	least 3.3 ft (1m) over a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the unit, for at least 33 ft
	Underout banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2m) and/or overhanging vegetation extends at
	Standing snags (diameter at the bottom > 4 inches) in the wetland
	Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (>4in. diameter and 6 ft long).
	mumber of points you put into the next column.
	Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the
	H 1.5. Special Habitat Features: (see p. 77)
	NOTE: If you have four or more classes or three vegetation classes and open water the rating is always "tigh". Use map of Cowardin vegetation classes
4	High = 3 points
	[riparian braided channels]
	None = 0 points Low = 1 point Moderate = 2 points
)
	mudflata) is high, medium, low, or none.
	Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion between Cowardin vegetation olasses (described in H 1.1), or the classes and universited areas (our include onen water or
Figure	

Comments

August 2004

Wedland Rating Form - Western Washington 13 version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct. 2008

Weiland Rating Form - western Washington 14
version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct. 2008

Total for page 3

Note: All vegetated wetlands are by definition a priority habitat but are not included in this litt. Nearby wetlands are addressed in question H 2.4)

W

Wetsand Rating Form – western Washington
version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct. 2008

Angust 2004

H 2.3 Near or adjacent to other priority habitats listed by WDFW (see new and complete Riparian: The area adjacent to aquatic systems with flowing water that contains elements of connections do not have to be relatively undisturbed. the PHS report http://wdfs.wa.gov/hab/pks/list.htm.)
Which of the following priority habitats are within 330ft (100m) of the wetland unit? NOTE: the Snags and Logs: Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient Westside Prairies: Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the Old-growth/Mature forests: (Old-growth west of Cascade crost) Stands of at least 2 tree Herbaceous Balds: Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock Talus: Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.15 - 2.0 m (0.5 - 6.5 ft), pariposed of besalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine Cliffs: Greater than 7.6 m (25 ft) high and occurring below 5000 ft. Caves: A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under Nearshore: Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore. (full descriptions of habitats and the admittion of relatively undisturbed are in WDFW report: pp. 167-169 and glossary in Instream: The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions Biodiversity Areas and Corridors: Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various Oregon white Oak: Woodlands Stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where Aspen Stands: Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 0.4 ha (1 acre). decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority mags bave a diameter at breast height of > 51 cm (20 in) in western Washington and are > 2 m (6.5 ft) in tailings. May be associated with cliffs. the earth in solls, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a regources. form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie (full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 161) both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other. canopy coverage of the oak component is important (full descriptions in WDFW PHS crown cover may be less that 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80 - 200 years old with average diameters exceeding 53 cm (21 in) dbb; grown cover may be less that 100%; species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 20 trees/ha (8 trees/scre) > 81 cm (32 in) dbh or > 200 years of age. (Mature forests) Stands species of native fish and wildlife (full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 152). lescriptions of WDKW priority habituts, and the counties in which they can be found, in west of the Cascade crest, height. Priority logs are > 30 cm (12 in) in diameter at the largest end, and > 6 m (20 ft) that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife If wetland has 1 priority habitat = 1 point If we fland has 2 priority habitats = 3 points If wetland has 3 or more priority habitats == 4 points No habitats = 0 points

Wetland name or number A

Weiland name or number A

CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Please determine if the welland meets the attributes described below and circle the appropriate answers and Category.

のできない。これは	MATTER ALLONDON TO THE LINE OF ALL SOCIAL PROPERTY IN THE COMMENT OF THE COMMENT OF THE COMMENT OF THE COMMENT
	determining the size threshold of 1 acre. — At least ½ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or un-mowed grassland. — The wetland has at least 2 of the following features: tidal channels, depressions with open water, or configuous freshwater wetlands.
Dual rating I/II	more than 10% of the wetland, then the wedland should be given a dual rating (I/II). The area of Spartina would be rated a Category II while the relatively undisturbed upper marsh with native species would be a Category I. Do not, however, exclude the area of Spartina in
Cat I	SC 1.2 Is the wetland unit at least 1 sore in size and meets at least two of the following three conditions? YES = Category I NO = Category II — The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing, and has less than 10% cover of non-native plant species If the non-native Variety and are the colver species that cover
Cat I	SC 1.1 Is the wetland unit within a National Wildlife Refuge, National Park, National Estuary Reserve, Natural Area Preserve, State Park or Educational, Environmental, or Scientific Reserve designated under WAC 332-30-151? YES = Category I NO go to SC 1.2
	SC 1.0 Estuarine wetlands (see p. 86) Does the wetland unit meet the following criteria for Estuarine wetlands? — The dominant water regime is tidal, — Vegetated, and — With a salinity greater than 0.5 ppt. YES = Go to SC 1.1
Category	Wetland Type Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the Category when the appropriate criteria are met.



2. YES = Category I No_Is not a bog for purpose of rating	1. Is the unit forested (> 30% cover) with sitta spruce, subalpine fir, western red ceder, western hemlock, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, Englemann's spruce, or western white pine, WIIH any of the species (or combination of species) on the bog species plant list in Table 3 as a significant component of the ground cover (> 30% coverage of the total Strubherbaceous cover)?	H H H H	re than 70% co , consist of the ' of the vegetation consists of specion purpose of r	 Does the unit have organic soils, either peats or mucks that are less than 16 inches deep over bedrock, or an impormeable hardpan such as clay or volcanic ash, or that are floating on a lake or pond? Yes - go to Q. 3 No - Is not a bog for purpose of rating 	1. Does the unit have organic soil horizons (i.e. layers of organic soil), either peats or mucks, that compose 16 inches or more of the first 32 inches of the soil profile? (See Appendix B for a field key to identify organic soils) \(\text{Xeg.} \) go to Q. 3	SC 3.0 Bogs (see p. 87) Does the wetland unit (or any part of the unit) meet both the criteria for solls and vogetation in bogs? Use the key below to identify if the wetland is a bog. If you answer yes you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.	SC 2.2 Has DNR identified the wetland as a high quality undisturbed wetland or as or as a site with state threatened or endangered plant species? YES = Category I NOnot a Heritage Wetland	YES contact WNHP/DNR (see p. 79) and go to SC 2.2 NO	SC 2.1 Is the wetland unit being rated in a Section/Township/Range that contains a Natural Heritage wetland? (this question is used to screen out most sites before you need to contact WNHP/DNR) STUR information from Appendix D or accessed from WNHP/DNR web site	Natural Heritage wetlands have been identified by the Washington Natural Heritage Program/DNR as either high quality undisturbed wetlands or wetlands that support state Threatened, Endangered, or Sensitive plant species.
Cat. I										CELI

Wetland Rating Form - western Washington 19 version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct 2008

August 2004

Wetland name or number

Cat II	shrub, forest, or un-grazed or un-mowed grassland. — The wedland is larger than 1/10 acre (4350 square feet) YES = Category I NO = Category II
	SC 5.1 Does the wetland meets all of the following three conditions? — The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 20% cover of invasive plant species (see list of invasive species on p. 74). — At least % of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of
	SC 5.0 Wetlands in Coastal Lagoons (see p. 91) Does the wetland meet all of the following criteria of a wetland in a coastal lagoon? — The wetland lies in a depression adjacent to marine waters that is wholly or partially separated from marine waters by sandbanks, gravel banks, shingle, or, less frequently, rocks — The lagoon in which the wetland is located contains surface water that is saline or brackish (> 0.5 ppt) during most of the year in at least a portion of the lagoon (needs to be measured near the bottom) YES = Go to SC 5.1 NO_not a wetland in a coastal lagoon
Cat I	— Mature forests: (west of the Cascade Crest) Stands where the largest trees are 80 – 200 years old OR have average diameters (dbh) exceeding 21 inches (53cm), crown cover may be less that 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth. YES = Category I NO not a forested wetland with special characteristics
	NOIE: The criterion for dbh is based on measurements for upland forests. Two-hundred year old trees in wetlands will often have a smaller dbh because their growth rates are often slower. The DFW criterion is and "OR" so old-growth forests do not necessarily have to have trees of this diameter.
	SC 4.0 Forested Westands (see p. 90) Does the wetland unit have at least a leave of forest that meet one of these criteria for the Department of Fish and Wildlife's forests as priority habitats? If you answer yes you will still need to rate the westand based on its functions. — Old-growth forests: (west of Cascade crest) Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/acre (20 trees/hectare) that are at least 200 years of age OR have a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 32 inches (81 cm) or more.

Is the wetland unit west of the 1889 line (also called the Western Boundary of Upland Ownership or WBUO)?

YES - go to SC 6.1

If you answer yet you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.

In practical terms that means the following geographic areas:

• Long Beach Peninsula- lands west of SR 103

• Grayland-Westport- lands west of SR 105

• Ocean Shores-Copalis- lands west of SR 115 and SR 109

SC 6.1 Is the wetland one acre or larger, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is once acre or larger?

YES = Category II

SC 6.2 Is the unit between 0.1 and 1 acre, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 acre?

YES = Category II

Category of wathord based on SP weight distribute an acre of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 acre?

YES = Category II

Category of wathord based on SP weight distribute an acre of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 acre?

YES = Category II

Category of wathord based on SP weight distribute an acre of weight weight and weight of the weight of the weight weight with the weight weight weight with the weight weight with the weight weight with the weight weight weight weight weight weight with the weight wei

Wetland Rating Form - western Washington 21 version 2 Updated with new WDFW definitions Oct 2008

August 2004